

## Chapter 29.4 - A Flawed Peace

### 1. Setting the Stage

- a. On January 18, 1919, a conference to establish those terms began at the Palace of Versailles, outside Paris
  - i. Attending the talks, known as the Paris Peace Conference, were delegates representing 32 countries
  - ii. The Allied powers struggled to solve their conflicting aims in various peace treaties

### 2. The Allies Meet and Debate

- a. Despite representatives from numerous countries, the meeting's major decisions were hammered out by a group known as the Big Four: \_\_\_\_\_ of the United States, \_\_\_\_\_ of France, David Lloyd George of Great Britain, and Vittorio Orlando of Italy
  - i. \_\_\_\_\_ was not represented and neither were \_\_\_\_\_ and its allies

#### b. Wilson's Plan for Peace

- i. In January 1918, while the war was still raging, \_\_\_\_\_ had drawn up a series of peace proposals
  1. Known as the \_\_\_\_\_, they outlined a plan for achieving a \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. The first four points included an end to \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and reduced national \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
  1. The fifth goal was the adjustment of \_\_\_\_\_ with fairness toward \_\_\_\_\_ -
  2. The sixth through thirteenth points were specific suggestions for \_\_\_\_\_ and creating \_\_\_\_\_
    - a. The guiding idea behind these points was \_\_\_\_\_ - allowing people to decide for themselves under what government they wished to live
- iii. Finally, the fourteenth point proposed a " \_\_\_\_\_ " that would protect " \_\_\_\_\_ "
  1. This reflected Wilson's hope for an organization that could peacefully negotiate solutions to world conflicts

#### c. The Versailles Treaty

- i. As the \_\_\_\_\_ opened, \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ showed little sign of agreeing to Wilson's vision of peace
  1. Both nations were concerned with \_\_\_\_\_ and wanted to strip \_\_\_\_\_ of its \_\_\_\_\_
- ii. The \_\_\_\_\_ between Germany and the Allied powers was signed on June 28, 1919, \_\_\_\_\_ to the day after Franz Ferdinand's assassination in Sarajevo

1. Adopting \_\_\_\_\_ fourteenth point, the treaty created a \_\_\_\_\_
  - a. The league was to be an \_\_\_\_\_ whose goal would be to \_\_\_\_\_ among nations
- iii. The treaty punished \_\_\_\_\_
  1. The defeated nation lost \_\_\_\_\_ and had severe restrictions placed on its \_\_\_\_\_
  2. The harshest was Article 231 - known as the “\_\_\_\_\_” clause
    - a. It placed \_\_\_\_\_ for the war on Germany’s shoulders and Germany had to \_\_\_\_\_ to the Allies
      - i. All of \_\_\_\_\_ in Africa and the Pacific were declared \_\_\_\_\_, or territories to be administered by the \_\_\_\_\_

### 3. A Troubled Treaty

- a. The Versailles treaty was just one of \_\_\_\_\_ by the Allies
  - i. In the end, these agreements created feelings of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ — among the victors and the defeated

#### b. The Creation of New Nations

- i. The \_\_\_\_\_ signed separate \_\_\_\_\_ in 1919 and 1920 with each of the other defeated nations: Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria, and the Ottoman Empire
  1. These \_\_\_\_\_, too, led to \_\_\_\_\_ for the \_\_\_\_\_
  2. Several new countries were created out of the \_\_\_\_\_
    - a. Austria, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, and Yugoslavia were all recognized as independent nations
- ii. The \_\_\_\_\_ were forced to give up almost all of their former empire - retained only the \_\_\_\_\_ that is today the country of \_\_\_\_\_
  1. The \_\_\_\_\_ up the lands that the \_\_\_\_\_ lost in \_\_\_\_\_ into \_\_\_\_\_ rather than \_\_\_\_\_
    - a. Palestine, Iraq, and Transjordan came under British control; Syria and Lebanon went to France
- iii. \_\_\_\_\_, which had left the war early, suffered \_\_\_\_\_ as well
  1. \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ both gained Russian territory
  2. Finland, Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania, formerly part of Russia, became \_\_\_\_\_

#### c. “A Peace Built on Quicksand”

- i. In the end, the \_\_\_\_\_ did little to build
  1. For one thing, the \_\_\_\_\_—considered after the war to be the dominant nation in the world—ultimately \_\_\_\_\_

2. Many Americans \_\_\_\_\_ to the settlement and especially to President Wilson's \_\_\_\_\_ and believed that the United States' \_\_\_\_\_ was to stay out of European affairs
- ii. In addition, the treaty with \_\_\_\_\_, in particular the \_\_\_\_\_, left a legacy of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ in the hearts of the German people
  1. Throughout Africa and Asia, people in the \_\_\_\_\_ were angry at the way the \_\_\_\_\_ disregarded their desire for \_\_\_\_\_
    - a. The European powers, it seemed to them, merely talked about the principle of \_\_\_\_\_
    - b. European \_\_\_\_\_, disguised as the \_\_\_\_\_, continued in Asia and Africa
- iii. Some Allied powers, too, were embittered by the outcome
  1. Both \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_, which had entered the war to \_\_\_\_\_, had gained less than they wanted
    - a. Lacking the support of the United States, and later other world powers, the League of Nations was in no position to take action on these and other complaints
  2. In a little more than two decades, the treaties' legacy of bitterness would help plunge the world into another catastrophic war